## BILATERAL AGREEMENTS

### Belgium

By Gérard DIVE – Belgian Federal Coordinator for the Cooperation with the International Criminal Court and Tribunals

#### Existing bilateral agreements btw Belgium and the ICC

- 1. Reinforced cooperation with OTP
- 2. Protection and relocation of witnesses in Belgium
- 3. Protection and relocation of witnesses abroad
- 4. Airplane transport of accused persons or other detainees
- 5. Enforcement of sentences
- 6. Provisional release



- 1. Advantages to conclude bilateral agreements
- 2. Advantages to conclude specific bilateral agreements
  - Witness protection
  - Enforcement of sentences





1.

# Advantages to conclude any bilateral agreements with the ICC



### **Advantages for the ICC**

- 1. Identification of a State willing to cooperate in a specific subject area;
- 2. Identification of the national contact point and competent authority dealing with the subject matter;
- Identification of specific documents to be transmitted and procedures or rules to be followed in order to send a proper request;
- 4. Understanding of the State's internal organization and legal regime
- 5. Sparing of time and of money when a concrete request is sended



### **Advantages for the State Party**

- 1. Identification of the ICC contact point and competent Unit within the Court in charge of a specific request;
- 2. Certainty of the transmission of a request to the competent national authority;
- 3. Control of the adequate adaptation of the national legislation and procedures;
- 4. Establishment of a network of national competent authorities dealing with a specific request;
- 5. Sharing of knowledge and know-how;



### **Advantages for the State Party**

- 6. Political demonstration of a concrete commitment to better cooperate with the ICC;
- 7. Improving the concerned practice at national level;
- 8. Possibility to decide to implemente a request on a caseby-case basis when it falls beyond the obligation to cooperate



2.

# Advantages to conclude two kinds of specific agreements with the ICC



### 2.1 Bilateral Agreements on Witness Protection and/or Relocation





### **Preliminary remarks:**

Protection could be done by the simple



A pre-existing complete system of witness protection is not a necessity or a prerequisite



### Shared advantages for the ICC and the State Party

- Limitation in diffusion of confidential information for identification of a cooperating State;
- 2. Establishment of a secured channel of communication;
- 3. Determination of the scope of protection (close family);
- 4. Determination of cases of withdrawal of protection;
- 5. Establishment of a procedure for withdrawal of protection
- 6. Sharing of experience/training/practise



### 2.2 Bilateral Agreements on Enforcement of sentences

### **Shared advantages for the ICC and the State Party**

- Determination of the procedure for the transfer to the State of enforcement;
- 2. Determination of the procedure at the release;
- 3. Determination of the possibility and procedure in case of termination of the enforcement in the concerned State;
- 4. Precision on implementation of specific rules (*ne bis in idem* rule of speciality);
- 5. Establishment of a partnership with the ICRC



### Conclusion: In short, concluding Bilateral Agreements is like...

From words about State's cooperation

to

Concrete acts of State's cooperation

