Resolution ICC-ASP/21/Res.2

Adopted at the 9th plenary meeting, on 9 December 2022, by consensus

ICC-ASP/21/Res.2
Strengthening the International Criminal Court and the Assembly of States Parties

The Assembly of States Parties,

Mindful that each individual State has the responsibility to protect its population from the crime of genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity, that the conscience of humanity continues to be deeply shocked by unimaginable atrocities in various parts of the world, and that the need to prevent and the duty to end the most serious crimes of concern to the international community to put an end to the impunity of the perpetrators of such crimes is now widely acknowledged,

Recognizing that the crime of genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes and the crime of aggression threaten the peace, security and well-being of the world, and affirming that these crimes must not go unpunished,

Convinced that the International Criminal Court (“the Court”) is an essential means of ending impunity for such crimes and preventing their recurrence, of promoting respect for international humanitarian law and human rights, thus contributing to freedom, security, justice and the rule of law, as well as to the prevention of armed conflicts, the preservation of peace and the strengthening of international security and the advancement of post-conflict peacebuilding and reconciliation with a view to achieving sustainable peace, in accordance with the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Convinced also that justice and peace are complementary and mutually reinforce each other,

Welcoming that the international community has agreed to promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels and, in this regard, encouraging societies facing conflicts to move from war to peace through peaceful solutions,

Convinced that justice and the fight against impunity and holding to account the perpetrators of the most serious crimes of concern to the international community and persons criminally responsible under the Statute are, and must remain, indivisible and that in this regard universal adherence to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court is essential,

Welcoming the Court’s central role as the only permanent international criminal court within an evolving system of international criminal justice and the contribution of the Court to guarantee lasting respect for and the enforcement of international justice,

Noting the primary responsibility of national jurisdictions to prosecute the most serious crimes of international concern and the increased need for cooperation in ensuring that national legal systems are capable of prosecuting such crimes,

Reaffirming its commitment to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court and its determination that the most serious crimes of concern to the international community as a whole must not go unpunished, and underlining the importance of the willingness and ability of States to genuinely investigate and prosecute such crimes,

Welcoming the efforts and achievements of the Court in bringing those most responsible for the crimes under the Rome Statute to justice and thus to contribute to the prevention of such crimes and noting the jurisprudence of the Court on the issue of complementarity,

Welcoming also in this regard relevant contributions from the Court relating to sexual and gender-based crimes, such as the Office of the Prosecutor’s Policy Paper on Sexual and
Gender-Based Crimes, as well as contributions from States Parties and other relevant actors, including initiatives for advancing the knowledge and understanding of such crimes, and convinced that these initiatives should be an integral part of strategic dialogues and actions to strengthen the Court and national courts in the fight against impunity, while fully respecting their judicial independence,

Recalling that the application of articles 17, 18 and 19 of the Rome Statute concerning the admissibility of cases before the Court is a judicial matter to be determined by the judges of the Court,

Recalling further that greater consideration should be given to how the Court will complete its activities in a situation country and that possible completion strategies could provide guidance on how a situation country can be assisted in carrying on national proceedings when the Court completes its activities in a given situation,

Recognizing that crimes within the jurisdiction of the Court threaten the peace, security and well-being of the world and, in consequence, that these are values protected by the Rome Statute,

Underscoring its respect for the independence of the Court and its commitment to ensuring respect for and the implementation of the Court’s judicial decisions,

Taking note with appreciation of the annual United Nations General Assembly resolutions concerning the Court,

Welcoming the statement by the President of the Security Council of 12 February 2013 in which the Council stated its intention to continue fighting impunity, reiterated its previous call regarding the importance of State cooperation with the Court in accordance with the respective obligations of States and expressed its commitment to effective follow-up of Council decisions in this regard,

Deeply concerned by the on-going lack of effective follow-up by the Security Council to its resolutions referring situations to the Court and its consequences, despite efforts by States Parties,

Recalling the full range of justice and reconciliation mechanisms with restorative measures that are complementary to criminal justice processes, including truth and reconciliation commissions, national reparations programmes and institutional and legal reforms, including guarantees of non-recurrence,

Acknowledging relevant decisions of the Court that have recognized that contributions to the promotion of peace and reconciliation may be a relevant consideration in sentencing decisions, on a case by case basis,

Recalling the success of the first Review Conference of the Rome Statute, held in Kampala, Uganda, from 31 May to 11 June 2010,

Recalling also the decision by the Assembly of States Parties (“the Assembly”) to establish a representation of the Court at the African Union Headquarters in Addis Ababa, and reiterating that such presence would promote dialogue with the Court and the understanding of its mission within the African Union and among African States, individually and collectively,

Appreciating the invaluable assistance that has been provided by civil society to the Court,

Reaffirming the importance of States Parties’ cooperation with the Court to the fulfilment of its mandate, and gravely concerned by attempts at intimidation to deter cooperation,

Concerned by the recent reports of threats and intimidation directed at some civil society organizations cooperating with the Court,

Welcoming the efforts undertaken by the Bureau and its Working Groups to identify ways to strengthen the International Criminal Court and the Rome Statute system through

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concrete, actionable recommendations aimed at enhancing the performance, efficiency and effectiveness of the Court,

*Emphasizing* the importance of equitable geographical representation and gender balance in the organs of the Court and, as appropriate, in the work of the Assembly and its subsidiary bodies,

*Mindful of* the need to encourage the full participation of States Parties, Observers and States not having observer status in the sessions of the Assembly and to ensure the broadest visibility of the Court and the Assembly,

*Recognizing* that victims’ rights to equal and effective access to justice, protection and support; adequate and prompt reparation for harm suffered; and access to relevant information concerning violations and redress mechanisms are essential components of justice, *emphasizing* the importance of effective outreach to victims and affected communities in order to give effect to the unique mandate of the Court towards victims and *determined* to ensure the effective implementation of victims’ rights, which constitute a cornerstone of the Rome Statute system, *emphasizing* the essential role of the Trust Fund for Victims to help make the Court’s justice a reality for victims through designing and implementing reparative programmes and complementing the convicted persons’ payment of reparations awards,

*Emphasizing* the importance for the Court to conduct its work in both its working languages, as well as in other official languages, if authorized according to Rule 41 of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence which can contributes to ensuring victims’ right to justice,

*Mindful* of the recommendations of the Group of Independent Experts related to legal aid and noting that the assessment process of these recommendations, are still ongoing,

*Noting* that it is the responsibility of the Court to present proposals to the Assembly for reform of the legal policy and calling on the Court to continuously consult with States Parties and other relevant stakeholders using existing structures in the course of drawing up these proposals,

*Recalling* the commitment of the Court and its States Parties to ensuring equality of arms in proceedings before the Court,

*Conscious of* the vital role of field operations in the Court’s work in situation countries and the importance of stakeholders working together to create suitable conditions for field operations,

*Conscious also of* the risks faced by personnel of the Court in the field, and *noting with appreciation* the work carried out by country offices,

*Recalling* that the Court acts within the constraints of an annual programme budget approved by the Assembly,

1. *Reconfirms* its unwavering support for the Court as an independent and impartial judicial institution, *reiterates* its commitment to uphold and defend the principles and values enshrined in the Rome Statute and to preserve its integrity undeterred by any threats or measures against the Court, its officials and those cooperating with it, and *renews* its resolve to stand united against impunity;

2. *Reaffirms* its support for the consistent implementation of the Court’s mandate across the situations and cases under its jurisdiction in the interests of justice and the victims’ right of access to justice, and stresses the need for sustainable resources for all situations and cases as well as cooperation with the Court to that end;

### A. Universality of the Rome Statute

3. *Invites* States not yet parties to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court to become parties to the Rome Statute, as amended, as soon as possible and calls upon all States Parties to intensify their efforts to promote universality;

4. *Notes with deep regret* the notification of withdrawal submitted by a State Party under article 127(1) of the Statute on 17 March 2018 as well as the withdrawal of its instrument of
accession by another State on 29 April 2019, and calls upon these States to reconsider these withdrawals;\(^2\)

5. Welcomes with appreciation also the continuation by the President of the Assembly of the dialogue on the “Relationship between Africa and the International Criminal Court” initiated by the Bureau during the fifteenth session of the Assembly of States Parties, and invites the Bureau to further widen and deepen this dialogue as needed with all interested State Parties;

6. **Welcomes** the initiatives undertaken to celebrate 17 July as the Day of International Criminal Justice\(^1\) as well as those to commemorate the 20th anniversary of the Rome Statute and **recommends** that, on the basis of lessons learnt, all relevant stakeholders, together with the Court, continue to engage in preparation of appropriate activities, particularly those to commemorate the 25\(^{th}\) anniversary of the adoption of the Rome Statute, and share information with other stakeholders to that effect through the Secretariat of the Assembly\(^4\) and otherwise;

7. **Invites** the Presidency and the Bureau to continue the preparations for the commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the adoption of the Rome Statute on the basis of the concept note prepared by the Presidency dated 30 November 2022, and encourages States Parties and relevant actors to engage in and promote these events as well as to organize their own commemorations at the national, regional and international levels, and to share, through the Secretariat of the Assembly any information on planned commemorative events;

8. **Calls upon** all international and regional organizations as well as civil society to intensify their efforts to promote universality;

9. **Decides** to keep the status of ratifications under review and to monitor developments in the field of implementing legislation, inter alia with a view to facilitating the provision of technical assistance that States Parties to the Rome Statute, or States wishing to become parties thereto, may wish to request from other States Parties or institutions in relevant areas, and **calls upon** States to annually provide the Secretariat of the Assembly of States Parties with updated information about actions and activities in support of international justice, as per the Plan of Action (paragraph 6(h));\(^5\)

10. **Recalls** that the ratification of the Rome Statute must be matched by national implementation of the obligations emanating therefrom, notably through implementing legislation, in particular in the areas of criminal law, criminal procedural law, and international cooperation and judicial assistance with the Court and, in this regard, **urges** States Parties to the Rome Statute that have not yet done so to adopt such implementing legislation as a priority and **encourages** the adoption of victims-related provisions, as and when appropriate;

11. **Welcomes** the report of the Bureau on the Plan of action for achieving universality and full implementation of the Rome Statute\(^6\) and **notes with appreciation** the efforts of the Court’s President, the Office of the Prosecutor, the President of the Assembly, the Assembly, States Parties and civil society to enhance the effectiveness of universality-related efforts and to encourage States to become parties to the Rome Statute, as amended, and to the Agreement on Privileges and Immunities, as well as relevant efforts undertaken in the framework of the Universal Periodic Review of the Human Rights Council;

12. **Recalls** rule 42 of the Rules of Procedure of the Assembly of States Parties, **endorses** the Bureau decision of 18 October 2017 whereby it adopted an Understanding on the Participation of Observer States in Meetings of the Assembly of States Parties,\(^7\) and

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\(^1\) Official Records... Review Conference... 2010 (RC/11), part II.B, Kampala declaration (RC/Decl.1), para 12.


\(^4\) ICC-ASP/5/Res.3, annex I.

\(^5\) ICC-ASP/21/21.


underscores the importance of promoting universality of the Rome Statute and of strengthening the openness and transparency of the Assembly;

B. Agreement on Privileges and Immunities

13. Welcomes the States Parties that have become a party to the Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Criminal Court and recalls that the Agreement and international practice exempt salaries, emoluments and allowances paid by the Court to its officials and staff from national taxation, and in this regard calls upon States Parties, as well as non-States Parties that have not yet done so to become parties to this Agreement as a matter of priority and to take the necessary legislative or other action, pending their ratification or accession, to exempt their nationals employed by the Court from national income taxation with respect to salaries, emoluments and allowances paid to them by the Court, or to grant relief in any other manner from income taxation in respect of such payments to their nationals;

14. Reiterates the obligations of States Parties to respect on their territories such privileges and immunities of the Court as are necessary for the fulfilment of its purposes and appeals to all States which are not party to the Agreement on Privileges and Immunities in which the Court’s property and assets are located or through which such property and assets are transported, to protect the property and assets of the Court from search, seizure, requisition and any other form of interference;

C. Cooperation

15. Refers to its resolution ICC-ASP/21/Res. 3 on cooperation;

16. Calls upon States Parties to comply with their obligations under the Rome Statute, in particular the obligation to cooperate in accordance with Part 9, and also calls upon States Parties to ensure full and effective cooperation with the Court in accordance with the Rome Statute, in particular in the areas of implementing constitutional and legislative framework, enforcement of Court decisions and execution of arrest warrants;

17. Reaffirms the importance of supporting all those cooperating with the Court, including States and relevant international bodies and entities, in order to secure the ability of the Court to fulfill its critical mandate of holding accountable perpetrators of the most serious crimes of concern to the international community and delivering justice to victims;

18. Further calls upon States Parties to continue to express their political and diplomatic support to the Court, recalls the sixty-six recommendations annexed to resolution ICC-ASP/6/Res.2 and encourages States Parties and the Court to consider further measures to enhance their implementation and to strengthen their efforts to ensure full and effective cooperation with the Court;

19. Welcomes the Court’s report and comprehensive presentation on cooperation,8 which contained disaggregated data over the responses provided by States Parties, including highlighting the main challenges;

20. Underlines the necessity to continue the discussions on practical solutions to improve cooperation between States and the Court with a view to enhancing prospects for the implementation of pending arrest warrants following the seminar organized by the facilitators on cooperation on 7 November 2018 in The Hague;

21. Underlines also the necessity to continue the discussions between the co-facilitators on cooperation and the focal points no-cooperation and the Court, following the joint panel discussion on strengthening cooperation with the Court held on 5 October 2020;

22. Welcomes the plenary session on cooperation held during the twenty-first session of the Assembly of States Parties which offered an opportunity for an enhanced dialogue between States Parties, the Court and members of civil society on voluntary cooperation, as well as a more technical discussion regarding the issue of witness protection,

8 ICC-ASP/21/24.
and welcomes the signing of an enforcement of sentences cooperation agreement concluded between Spain and the Court during the cooperation plenary;

23. Underlines the importance of effective procedures and mechanisms that enable States Parties and other States to cooperate with the Court in relation to the identification, tracing and freezing or seizure of proceeds, property and assets as expeditiously as possible, and calls on all States Parties to put in place and further improve effective procedures and mechanisms in this regard, with a view to facilitate cooperation between the Court, States Parties, other States and international organizations;

24. Recalls the importance of the non-legally binding Declaration of Paris on asset recovery annexed to resolution ICC-ASP/16/Res.2;

25. Recalls the existence of the secured digital platform for States Parties to exchange relevant information on cooperation and financial investigations and assets recovery;

26. Recalls the recommendations on cooperation contained in the 30 September 2020 Independent Experts Report;9

27. Recalls the Procedures relating to non-cooperation adopted by the Assembly in ICC-ASP/10/Res.5 and revised by the Assembly in resolution ICC-ASP/17/Res.5, recognizes with concern the negative impact that the non-execution of Court requests continues to have on the ability of the Court to execute its mandate, takes note of the past decisions of the Court on non-cooperation;

28. Recalls the Toolkit for the implementation of the informal dimension of the Assembly procedures relating to non-cooperation,10 which was revised as annex III to ICC-ASP/17/31 and encourages States Parties to make use of it as they see fit in order to improve the implementation of the Assembly procedures relating to non-cooperation;

29. Takes note of the report of the Bureau on non-cooperation,11 welcomes the efforts of the President of the Assembly in implementing the Assembly procedures relating to non-cooperation and recalls that the President serves ex officio as focal point for his or her region,12 calls upon all stakeholders, at all levels, to continue assisting the President of the Assembly, including when accomplishing his or her task with the support of the regional focal points for non-cooperation;

30. Recalls the role of the Assembly of States Parties and the Security Council with respect to non-cooperation as provided for by articles 87, paragraph 5, and 87, paragraph 7, of the Rome Statute, and welcomes the efforts of States Parties to strengthen the relationship between the Court and the Council;

31. Welcomes in this regard the Arria formula meeting of the Security Council on the relationship between the Court and the Security Council on 24 June 2022 and the issuance of the Chair’s summary of the meeting on 20 September 202213 by Ireland;

32. Calls upon States Parties to continue their efforts to ensure that the Security Council addresses the communications received from the Court on non-cooperation pursuant to the Rome Statute, encourages the President of the Assembly and the Bureau to continue consulting with the Security Council and also encourages both the Assembly and the Security Council to strengthen their mutual engagement on this matter;

33. Encourages the authorities in Sudan to effectively cooperate with the Court in accordance with Security Council resolution 1593, while expressing continued concern about the military takeover in Sudan on 25 October 2021;

34. Noting the past orders of the Pre-Trial Chamber to the Registrar concerning action to be taken in case of information relating to travel of suspects, urges States to share with the focal points on non-cooperation any information concerning potential or confirmed travel of persons against whom an arrest warrant has been issued;

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9 ICC-ASP/19/16.
10 ICC-ASP/15/31, Add.1, annex II.
11 ICC-ASP/21/33.
D. Host State

35. Recognizes the importance of the relationship between the Court and the host State in accordance with the terms of the Headquarters Agreement and notes with appreciation the on-going commitment of the host State to the Court with a view to its more efficient functioning;

E. Relationship with the United Nations

36. Recognizes the need for enhancing the institutional dialogue with the United Nations, including on Security Council referrals;

37. Welcomes the twice-yearly reports of the Prosecutor on the situations referred by the United Nations Security Council pursuant to resolutions 1593 (2005) and 1970 (2011), and noting the Prosecutor’s repeated requests for effective Security Council follow-up, recognizes the efforts of some members of the Security Council in this regard, and urges all members of the Security Council to support future such requests;

38. Recognizes that ratification or accession to the Rome Statute by members of the United Nations Security Council enhances joint efforts to combat impunity for the most serious crimes of concern to the international community as a whole;

39. Also recognizes the Security Council’s call regarding the importance of State cooperation with the Court and encourages further strengthening of the Security Council’s relationship with the Court by:

   (a) providing effective follow-up of situations referred by the Council to the Court and on-going political support;

   (b) enabling financial support by the United Nations for expenses incurred by the Court due to referrals of the Council;

   (c) continued support for the work of the Court through cooperation and assistance by peacekeeping and special political missions mandated by the Council, including by considering extending best practices with respect to the drafting of mandates of peacekeeping operations while respecting their basic principles, and increased cooperation between Sanctions Committees and the Court;

   (d) considering mandating peacekeeping and special political missions to contribute, where appropriate, to the strengthening of national justice systems through training, outreach and other forms of assistance;

   (e) enhanced engagement by the Council with Court representatives and on matters related to the Court in various formats; and

   (f) institutionalizing Council cooperation with and support for the Court in this regard;

40. Recalls the report of the Court on the status of on-going cooperation with the United Nations, including in the field;\(^1\)

41. Encourages all United Nations Offices, Funds and Programmes to strengthen their cooperation with the Court, and to collaborate effectively with the Office of Legal Affairs as focal point for cooperation between the United Nations system and the Court;

42. Recalls article 4 of the Relationship Agreement between the Court and the United Nations, and stresses the continuing need to ensure the ability of the Court to fully exercise its capacity of observer to the United Nations and its ability to interact and engage in dialogue with the United Nations, including through its attendance and participation as observer in the activities of the United Nations General Assembly, and through the Court’s officials’ regular visits to the United Nations to provide briefings and updates on its activities;

43. Commends the important work of the New York Liaison Office of the Court, reiterates its full support for the Office and stresses the importance of the continued and further

\(^1\) ICC-ASP/12/42.
strengthening of the implementation of its functions in accordance with ICC-ASP/4/6, paragraphs 2, 3 and 4;

44. Welcomes that States Parties have been informed throughout 2022 on Court-related developments at the United Nations and in particular at the Security Council, notably through regular briefings provided by the designated State Party member of the Security Council, and calls upon Bureau members and other States Parties to continue providing States Parties with information about their efforts at the United Nations and in any other international or regional fora to promote the fight against impunity;

45. Welcomes the presentation of the annual report of the Court to the General Assembly of the United Nations and in particular its focus on the relationship between the Court and the United Nations, also welcomes the adoption of resolution A/RES/77/6 by the General Assembly and encourages States Parties to continue their constructive engagement with United Nations Member States to further strengthen this resolution;

46. Notes with concern that, to date, expenses incurred by the Court due to referrals by the Security Council continue to be borne exclusively by States Parties and notes that, to date, the approved budget allocated so far within the Court in relation to the referrals made by the Security Council amounts to approximately €81.4 million;

47. Stresses that, if the United Nations is unable to provide funds for the Court to cover the expenses incurred due to referrals by the Security Council, this will, among other factors, continue to exacerbate resource pressure on the Court;

48. Urges States Parties to pursue, within the General Assembly of the United Nations, the implementation of article 115, paragraph (b), of the Rome Statute, also taking into account that article 13, paragraph 1, of the Relationship Agreement between the Court and the United Nations states that the conditions under which any funds may be provided to the Court by a decision of the General Assembly shall be subject to separate arrangements;

49. Encourages the Court to further engage with the relevant Sanctions Committees of the United Nations Security Council with a view to improving their cooperation and achieving better coordination on matters pertaining to areas of mutual concern;

50. Notes that all cooperation received by the Court from the United Nations is provided strictly on a reimbursable basis;

F. Relationships with other international organizations and bodies

51. Welcomes the efforts undertaken by various regional and other international organizations to support the Court in the fulfilment of its mandate;

52. Recalls the memoranda of understanding and agreements on cooperation concluded by the Court with the European Union, the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization, the Organization of American States, the Commonwealth, the Organisation internationale de la Francophonie, the Parliament of the MERCOSUR, and the Inter-American Court of Human Rights;

53. Welcomes the efforts of the Court to engage with various regional bodies and entities, including through its participation in the bi-annual meeting of the Organization of American States on strengthening cooperation with the ICC, the EU Day against Impunity and the organization of a roundtable with the European Union, the briefing to the African, Caribbean and Pacific (“ACP”) Group of States in Brussels, Belgium, as well as the annual session of the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization;

54. Emphasizes the need to pursue efforts aimed at intensifying dialogue with the African Union and to strengthen the relationship between the Court and the African Union and welcomes the Court’s further regular engagement in Addis Ababa with the African Union and diplomatic missions in anticipation of establishing its liaison office, recognizes the engagement of the President of the Assembly with officials of the African Union in Addis

Ababa and calls upon all relevant stakeholders to support strengthening the relationship between the Court and the African Union;

55. Welcomes the series of meetings previously held in Addis Ababa which took the form of joint seminars between the Court and the African Union, in July 2011, October 2012, July 2014 and October 2015, and consequent retreats in October 2016 and in November 2017 organized by the Court to enable a frank and constructive dialogue between the Court and the African States Parties to the Rome Statute as a key measure to strengthen relations between the Court and its African partners and address challenges within the context of this relationship;

56. Further welcomes the organization of a retreat on 12 June 2019 in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, between the Court and African States Parties to the Rome Statute, with the participation of the Office of the Legal Counsel of the African Union and the Trust Fund for Victims;

57. Welcomes the organization of joint seminars between the Court and the Caribbean Community (“CARICOM”) in Port of Spain, Trinidad and Tobago from 16 to 17 May 2011, and from 10 to 11 January 2017, on the importance of working towards the universality of the Rome Statute, adopting implementing legislation and increasing participation in meetings of the Assembly of States Parties;

58. Also welcomes the efforts to further the presence of the Court at meetings of regional organizations, including through the organization of a side event at the 48th Pacific Islands Forum held in Apia, Samoa, from 4 to 8 September 2017, and the address by the President of the Court to the 55th Ordinary Session of the Authority of Heads of State and Government of the Economic Community of West African States, in Abuja, Nigeria, on 29 June 2019;

59. Recalls the contribution that the International Humanitarian Fact-finding Commission, established by article 90 of the Additional Protocol I to the 1949 Geneva Convention, could make in ascertaining facts related to alleged violations of international humanitarian law and facilitating, where appropriate, the prosecution of war crimes, both at the national level and before the Court;

G. Activities of the Court

60. Takes note of the latest report on the activities of the Court to the Assembly;\(^{16}\)

61. Notes with satisfaction the fact that owing, not least, to the dedication of its staff, considerable progress continues to be made in the Court’s activities including its preliminary examinations, investigations and judicial proceedings in various situations which either States Parties or the United Nations Security Council\(^ {17}\) referred to the Court or which the Prosecutor initiated propriomotu;

62. Recalls its invitation to the Court to continue to take note of best practices of other relevant international and national organizations, tribunals and mechanisms, including those gained by national institutions that have already investigated and prosecuted crimes that fall within the Court’s jurisdiction, in solving challenges similar to those encountered by the Court, while reiterating its respect for the independence of the Court;

63. Encourages the Court to take note of the best practices of relevant international and national organizations, tribunals, and mechanisms related to sexual and gender-based crimes, including practices related to investigation, prosecution and training, in solving challenges related to crimes under the Rome Statute, including sexual and gender-based crimes, while reiterating its respect for the independence of the Court;

64. Recognizes the importance of achieving accountability for all Rome Statute crimes while recalling that there is no hierarchy between them, encourages the Bureau to engage with interested States Parties and other relevant actors to identify ways to support Court efforts in this regard with respect to sexual and gender-based crimes that amount to Rome

\(^{16}\)ICC-ASP/21/9.

Statute crimes, with a view to reporting thereon to the twenty-second session of the Assembly;

65. **Notes with appreciation** the efforts undertaken by the Office of the Prosecutor to achieve the efficiency and transparency of its preliminary examinations, investigations and prosecutions;

66. ** Welcomes** the continued implementation by the Office of the Prosecutor of its Policy Papers on Case Selection and Prioritization, on Children, and on Sexual and Gender-Based Crimes, and, in this regard, **stresses** the importance of the effective investigation and prosecution of sexual and gender-based crimes and crimes against children by the Court and by national courts, in order to end impunity for perpetrators of such crimes, **calls upon** States Parties to consider the Policy Papers to strengthen the investigation and prosecution of these crimes domestically and **welcomes** the adoption of the Office of the Prosecutor’s Policy Paper on the Protection of Cultural Property within the Rome Statute framework, as well as the new guidelines for civil society organizations on documenting and preserving information on international crimes prepared by the Office of the Prosecutor and Eurojust;

67. **Notes** the on-going review by the Prosecutor of the various policy papers of the Office, with a view to consolidating and enhancing them where necessary;

68. **Expresses its appreciation** to the Office of the Prosecutor for consulting with States Parties and other stakeholders before the issuance of its policies and strategies and **welcomes** the contributions made by States Parties in this regard;

69. ** Also welcomes** the efforts undertaken by the Court to implement the One-Court principle, and to coordinate its activities among its organs at all levels, including through the implementation of measures to increase clarity on the responsibility of different organs, while respecting the independence of the judges and the Prosecutor and the neutrality of the Registry and **encourages** the Court to undertake all necessary efforts to fully implement the One-Court principle, inter alia with a view to ensuring full transparency, good governance, efficient use of financial resources and sound management;

70. **Notes** the Strategic Plans of the Court, the Office of the Prosecutor and the Registry for the period 2019-2021 and of the Trust Fund for Victims for the period 2020-2021 and their extension into 2022 and also notes that the Strategic Plans benefit from the views and comments States Parties make in the dialogue with the Court, the Office of the Prosecutor, the Registry and the Trust Fund for Victims;

71. **Notes with appreciation** the continued efforts undertaken by the Registrar to mitigate the risks faced by the Court in relation to its field offices and to enhance the Court’s field operations with a view to increasing their efficiency and visibility and **encourages** the Court to continue to optimize its field offices and activities in close cooperation with the United Nations, as appropriate, in order to ensure the Court’s continued relevance and impact in States in which it carries out its work;

72. **Welcomes** the on-going efforts undertaken by the Court to improve its use of alternative sources of information and evidence as well as its capacities to this end, including in the field of financial investigations, **encourages** the Court to continue these efforts and **notes** the importance of providing the Court with the appropriate means for this purpose;

73. **Recognizes** the important work done by the field-based staff of the Court in difficult and complex environments and **expresses its appreciation** for their dedication to the mission of the Court;

74. **Emphasizes** the need for the Court to continue to improve and adapt outreach activities with a view to further developing and implementing effectively and efficiently the Strategic Plan for Outreach in affected countries, including, where appropriate, by early outreach from the outset of the Court’s involvement, including during the preliminary examination stage;

75. **Recalls** that the issues of public information and communication about the Court and its activities constitute a shared responsibility of the Court and States Parties, while

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18 ICC-ASP/5/12.
acknowledging the significant contribution of other stakeholders to developing a coordinated and comprehensive approach;

H. Elections

76. Welcomes the report of the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges on the work of its eighth session; 19

77. Stresses the importance of nominating and electing as judges qualified, competent and experienced persons of the highest quality and of high moral character, impartiality and integrity who possess the qualifications required in their respective States for appointment to the highest judicial offices, in accordance with article 36 of the Rome Statute, and for this purpose encourages States Parties to conduct thorough and transparent processes to identify the best candidates;

78. Recalls paragraph 6 of resolution ICC-ASP/18/Res.4 encouraging States Parties to submit information and commentary on their own existing or prospective nomination and selection procedures to the Secretariat of the Assembly;

79. Decides to adopt the amendments to the procedure for the nomination and election and judges, the amendment to the resolution ICC-ASP/18/Res.4, and the amendment to the Terms of Reference of the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges, contained in annexes II, III and IV, respectively, to the present resolution;

80. Welcomes the process established by the Bureau of the Assembly of States Parties for the election of the third Prosecutor of the International Criminal Court and calls upon the Bureau, through transparent and inclusive consultations with States Parties and civil society, and with the feedback of the Committee on the Election of the Prosecutor and the Panel of Experts on the implementation of their mandate, within existing resources, to examine ways to continue strengthening the process by which the Prosecutor is elected;

81. Welcomes with appreciation the report on the Third Election of the Prosecutor of the ICC – Lessons Learnt, dated 13 October 2022, and invites the States Parties to take into consideration the contents thereof for future elections of the Prosecutor;

82. Requests the Bureau to establish a due diligence process by March 2023 for candidates for judges to be elected in 2023, the terms of reference of which shall be established by the Bureau on the basis of a proposal developed by the Independent Oversight Mechanism in consultation with the Advisory Committee on Nomination of Judges, taking into account the experience of the recent due diligence processes applied to the candidates for Deputy Prosecutor and Registrar;

83. Tasks the Bureau to continue consultations with States Parties, the Court and civil society for the development of a vetting process for all elected ICC officials, and to report to the Assembly with a view to adoption of a vetting process as soon as feasible and no later than its twenty-second session, taking into account the ongoing consideration of the relevant IER recommendations, the outcomes of the lessons learnt exercise of the Prosecutor’s selection process including by liaising with its co-facilitators and the Bureau’s review of the due diligence process for candidates for Deputy Prosecutor;

I. Secretariat of the Assembly of States Parties

84. Recognizes the important work done by the Secretariat of the Assembly of States Parties (“the Secretariat”), reiterates that the relations between the Secretariat and the different organs of the Court shall be governed by principles of cooperation and of sharing and pooling of resources and services, as set out in the annex to resolution ICC-ASP/2/Res.3, and welcomes the fact that the Director of the Secretariat participates in the meetings of the Coordination Council when matters of mutual concern are considered;

19 ICC-ASP/21/4.
85. **Recalls** the general oversight function of the Bureau over the Secretariat, as contained in the resolution establishing the Secretariat;\(^{20}\)

86. **Welcomes** the report of the Bureau on the assessment of the Secretariat and the recommendations contained therein;\(^{21}\)

### J. Counsel

87. **Notes** the important work of independent representative bodies of counsel or legal associations, including any international legal association relevant to rule 20, sub-rule 3, of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence;

88. **Takes note** of the report on the constitution and activities of the International Criminal Court Bar Association;\(^{22}\)

89. **Invites** the International Criminal Court Bar Association to report to the Assembly, through the Bureau, on its activities in advance of the twenty-second session;

90. **Notes** the need to improve gender balance and equitable geographical representation on the list of counsel and thus **continues to encourage** applications to the list of counsel established as required under rule 21, sub-rule 2, of the Rules of Procedure and Evidence with a particular view to ensuring equitable geographical representation and gender balance, as well as legal expertise on specific issues such as violence against women or children, as appropriate;

### K. Legal aid

91. **Takes note** of the progress made by the Court, in consultation with States Parties and all relevant stakeholders, in the reform of the Court’s Legal aid system;

92. **Requests** the Court to consider interim measures, within existing resources in the legal aid budget, to the benefit of members of defence and victims’ teams, and to continue its efforts in the reform of the legal aid system and to present, based on further consultations with States Parties and all relevant stakeholders, another proposal for reform of the legal aid policy for external defence and victims’ teams, in accordance with the mandate, taking account of the cost constraints and ensuring that the reform of the Court’s legal aid system can be funded within existing resources. Full attention should be paid to the status of the members of the defence and victims’ teams, in order to address their conditions of service, taking into account the current economic realities;

93. **Requests** the Court to ensure appropriate representation of counsel in the Advisory Committee on Legal Texts;

94. **Requests** the Court to finalize its review of the current framework and operation of the functions regarding financial investigations on suspects and accused persons across all organs in order to make proposals to the Assembly through its relevant facilitations (legal aid and cooperation) with a view to strengthen the Registry capacity to trace, freeze and seize assets of the accused in the context of legal aid requests, while paying due respect to the rights of the accused and to ensure increased efficiency of that global framework; and

95. **Requests** the Bureau to continue its work on legal aid and to report to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

### L. Study Group on Governance

96. **Welcomes** the continued structured dialogue between States Parties and the Court with a view to strengthening the institutional framework of the Rome Statute system and

\(^{20}\) ICC-ASP/2/Res.3, annex, para. 10.

\(^{21}\) ICC-ASP/17/39.

\(^{22}\) ICC-ASP/21/23.
enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of the Court while fully preserving its judicial independence;

97. Takes note of the Bureau’s report on the Study Group on Governance;\footnote{ICC-ASP/21/18.}

98. Extends for another year the mandate of the Study Group, established in resolution ICC-ASP/9/Res.2 and extended in resolutions ICC-ASP/10/Res.5, ICC-ASP/11/Res.8, ICC-ASP/12/Res.8, ICC-ASP/13/Res.5, ICC-ASP/14/Res.4, ICC-ASP/15/Res.5, ICC-ASP/16/Res.6, ICC-ASP/17/Res.5, ICC-ASP/18/Res.6, ICC-ASP/19/Res.6 and ICC-ASP/20/Res.5;

99. Takes note of the final report of the Independent Expert Review, dated 30 September 2020, the Comprehensive Action Plan, adopted by the Bureau on 28 July 2021 and [the report of the Review Mechanism submitted pursuant to ICC-ASP/20/Res.3, including the Matrix on progress in the assessment of the IER recommendations of the Review Mechanism;\footnote{ICC-ASP/21/34.} and notes that the Study Group will continue to consider recommendations falling within its mandate;

M. Proceedings of the Court

100. Emphasizes that the effectiveness of proceedings of the Court is essential to the rights of victims and those of the accused, the credibility and authority of the institution and the promotion of the universality of the Statute, as well as the best possible use of the Court’s resources;

101. Welcomes the Court’s efforts to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of proceedings, as well as the efforts on the part of States Parties and civil society in this regard, mindful of the importance of continued dialogue on this matter and noting the shared responsibility of the Court and States Parties in this regard;

N. Working methods review

102. Recognizes the benefits of rationalizing the working methods of the subsidiary bodies of the Bureau and the Assembly in order to cope with an increasing workload;

103. Welcomes the steps already undertaken by the Bureau for the improvement of the working methods;

104. Decides to continue improving the working methods of the Bureau and the governance of the Assembly, and to that effect:

(a) recalls the revised general roadmap for facilitations contained in annex II of resolution ICC-ASP/15/Res.5 and stresses the need for its full implementation;

(b) welcomes the holding of Bureau meetings both in New York and in The Hague;

(c) acknowledges the importance of ensuring that the agenda of the Assembly allows sufficient time for substantive discussions;

(d) recognizes the importance of exchange of information as well as mutual consultations between the New York Working Group and The Hague Working Group on matters of joint concern with a view to enhancing efficiency while avoiding duplication of efforts;

(e) encourages all States Parties to use the Extranet designed for the work of the subsidiary bodies of the Bureau and the Assembly containing all necessary documentation on the work in progress; and

(f) also encourages States Parties to deliver statements no longer than five minutes and to submit written statements instead of oral ones;

105. Recognizes the importance of the work carried out by the facilitators and the focal points;
106. **Recalls** the representative geographical character of the Bureau and **encourages** Bureau members to strengthen their communication with States Parties of their respective regional group to inform the discussion of the Bureau, including by establishing appropriate mechanisms for providing regular updates on the work of the Bureau;  

107. **Reiterates** that the Bureau shall have representative character in its composition, taking into account, in particular, equitable geographical distribution and the adequate representation of the principal legal systems of the world, and **requests** the Bureau to remain seized of the matter and report on its discussions in appropriate form ahead of the twenty-second session of the Assembly;  

108. **Requests** the Bureau, in consultation with all States Parties, the Court and civil society, both in New York and The Hague, to submit a report, by the next session of the Assembly, assessing the benefits and challenges with regard to current schedule, including the proposal to hold the future Assembly meetings in the first six months of each calendar year, length, including the proposal to shorten the Assembly, location of the meetings of the Assembly and of the Bureau and to make recommendations to improve efficiency;  

109. **Requests also** the Bureau to address in its report under paragraph 108 the proposal to hold the Assembly sessions as a rule with a length of up to six days, preferably over one calendar week, unless judicial or prosecutorial elections are scheduled;  

110. **Requests** that the Bureau consider as general objectives on the discussions on the scheduling of Assembly meetings that any future decision on the scheduling of Assembly sessions are aimed to ensure effective, efficient, concise and productive meetings of the Assembly, with broadest participation of States Parties and effective use of resources; to avoid duplication with a division of labour between New York and The Hague that furthers this objective; and to further study the possibility of a transition period in order to avoid an impact on the Court’s budget and work;  

**O. Victims and affected communities, reparations and Trust Fund for Victims**  

111. **Refers** to its resolution ICC-ASP/13/Res.4 on victims and affected communities, reparations and Trust Fund for Victims;  

112. **Reiterates** that victims’ right to present and have considered their views and concerns at stages of the proceedings determined to be appropriate by the Court where their personal interests are affected and to protection of their safety, physical and psychological well-being, dignity and privacy, under article 68 of the Rome Statute, as well as access to relevant information are essential components of justice and, in this regard, **emphasizes** the importance of effective outreach to victims and affected communities in order to give effect to the mandate of the Court;  

113. **Stresses** the central importance that the Rome Statute accords to the rights and needs of victims, in particular their right to participate in judicial proceedings and to claim reparations, and **emphasizes** the importance of informing and involving victims and affected communities in order to give effect to the unique mandate of the Court towards victims;  

114. **Recalls** article 75 of the Rome Statute and, in this regard, the reparative justice role of the Court, and **notes** that assistance and reparations to victims may promote reconciliation and contribute to peace-building;  

115. **Acknowledges** the importance of protective measures for victims and witnesses, including considering the best interests, rights and well-being of children and maintaining the physical and psychological welfare of witnesses, particularly victims of sexual and gender-based crimes, for the execution of the Court’s mandate, **stresses** the need for States to conclude agreements with the Court in order to facilitate expeditious international relocation of persons at risk, **urges** all States to consider concluding such relocation agreements and **encourages** all States to contribute to the Special Fund for Relocations;  

116. **Stresses** that, since the identification, tracing and freezing or seizure of any assets of the convicted person are indispensable for reparations, it is of paramount importance that all necessary measures are taken to that end, in order for relevant States and relevant entities to
provide timely and effective assistance pursuant to articles 75, 93, paragraph 1(k), and 109 of the Rome Statute, and calls upon States Parties to enter into voluntary agreements, arrangements or any other means to this end with the Court, as required;

117. Recalls the Court’s previous commitment to review its Revised Strategy in Relation to Victims once a judicial cycle is finished,25 and therefore requests the Court to initiate consultations for the development of an updated strategy, taking into account the ongoing consideration of the relevant IER recommendations, and to report to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

118. Renews its appreciation to the Board of Directors and the Secretariat of the Trust Fund for Victims for their continuing commitment towards victims and affected communities;

119. Notes the significant growth in the activities of the Trust Fund, to include the five on-going reparations proceedings as well as the expansion of assistance programmes to more situations before the Court, including Central African Republic, Côte d’Ivoire and Mali;

120. Calls upon States, international and inter-governmental organizations, individuals, corporations and other entities to make voluntary contributions, in accordance with their financial ability, to the Trust Fund for Victims in order to broaden its resource base, improve the predictability of funding and maintain responsiveness to harm suffered by victims as well as to the Court’s judicial developments, and renews its appreciation to those that have done so;

121. Invites States Parties to respond to requests of the Trust Fund for Victims for earmarked contributions for the purposes of funding specific reparations awards, as well as of replenishing and strengthening the Trust Fund’s general reparations reserve, and expresses its appreciation to those that have already done so;

122. Invites States Parties to consider making earmarked voluntary contributions to the Trust Fund to the benefit of victims of sexual and gender-based violence, and expresses its appreciation to those that have already done so;

123. Notes the intention of the Trust Fund for Victims to raise voluntary contributions and private donations, in order to ensure the implementation of Court-ordered reparations and assistance activities to the benefit of victims in cases and situations before the Court, in particular €20 million in total to complement fully the payment of the reparation awards in the cases of Thomas Lubanga and Bosco Ntaganda and adequate resources for the continuation in 2023 of multi-annual assistance programmes;

124. Decides to amend paragraph 17 of the annex of resolution ICC-ASP/4/Res.3, as reflected in annex IV to the present resolution;

P. Recruitment of staff

125. Takes note of the Court’s report on Human Resources Management,26 and requests the Court to further strengthen its efforts, in the recruitment of staff, to seek equitable geographical representation with a particular focus on candidates from non-represented and underrepresented States Parties, gender balance and the highest standards of efficiency, competency and integrity, as well as to seek expertise on specific issues, including, but not limited to, trauma-related psycho-social needs and violence against women or children, and encourages further progress in this regard;

126. Calls upon the Court to report the outcome of its efforts to seek equitable geographical representation with a particular focus on candidates from non-represented and underrepresented States Parties and gender balance to the Assembly at its twenty-second session, including, but not limited to, improvements in the recruitment process and annual recruitment data;

25 ICC-ASP/13/Res.4, para. 1.
26 ICC-ASP/21/7.
127. Takes note of the continued dialogue between the Court and the Bureau with regard to ensuring equitable geographical representation and gender balance in the recruitment of staff members, and welcomes the report of the Bureau and its recommendations;\(^{27}\)

128. Urges States Parties to undertake efforts to identify and enlarge pools of potential applicants to the Court’s professional positions from States Parties from non- and under-represented regions and countries, including through the financing by the Assembly of the Court’s internship and visiting professional programmes, and by States Parties of Junior Professional Officer (JPO) programmes, through targeted outreach initiatives and through the dissemination among relevant national institutions and organizations of the Court’s vacancies;

129. Welcomes the establishment by the Court of a programme to fund, through voluntary contributions, the placement of interns and visiting professionals from developing regions with a particular focus on candidates from non-represented and under-represented States Parties, welcomes the voluntary contributions received thus far and calls upon States Parties to contribute to this programme;

130. Requests the Court to further devise mechanisms that can ensure in a more sustainable and systematic manner the funding of placements of interns and visiting professionals from developing regions, and further requests the Court to explore and propose modalities for implementing Junior Professional Officer (JPO) programmes for candidates from non- and under-represented States Parties, particularly from developing regions, to be funded through voluntary contributions;

131. Welcomes the Court-wide, Office of the Prosecutor and Registry Strategic Plans for 2019-2021 and their extension into 2022, and their three-year programme of action to improve the geographical representation and gender balance as one of the Court’s priorities;

132. Further welcomes the consultations that took place in 2022 with a view of the adoption, by December 2022, of the ICC’s first Strategy on Gender Equality and Workplace, aimed at enhancing and reinforcing policies and conditions of employment at the Court from a gender perspective, in the context of the Court-wide and organ-specific Strategic Plans for 2023-2025, all of which take into account the relevant recommendations of the Independent Expert Review of the International Criminal Court and the Rome Statute System;

133. Takes note of the report of the Comprehensive action plan,\(^{28}\) and notes that the facilitation on geographical representation and gender balance will assess and implement recommendations falling within its ambit;

Q. Complementarity

134. Recalls the primary responsibility of States to investigate and prosecute the most serious crimes of international concern and that, to this end, appropriate measures need to be adopted at the national level, and international cooperation and judicial assistance need to be strengthened, in order to ensure that national legal systems are willing and able genuinely to carry out investigations and prosecutions of such crimes;

135. Resolves to continue and strengthen, within the appropriate fora, effective domestic implementation of the Rome Statute, to enhance the capacity of national jurisdictions to prosecute the perpetrators of the most serious crimes of international concern in accordance with internationally recognized fair trial standards, pursuant to the principle of complementarity;

136. Welcomes the international community’s engagement in strengthening the capacity of domestic jurisdictions and inter-State cooperation to enable States to genuinely prosecute Rome Statute crimes;

137. Also welcomes efforts by the United Nations, international and regional organizations, States and civil society in mainstreaming capacity-building activities aimed at strengthening national jurisdictions with regard to investigating and prosecuting Rome Statute crimes into existing and new technical assistance programmes and instruments, and strongly encourages

\(^{27}\) ICC-ASP/20/29.

additional efforts in this regard by other international and regional organizations, States and civil society;

138. Welcomes, in this regard, the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development29 and acknowledges the important work being undertaken with regard to promoting the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensuring equal access to justice for all;

139. Stresses that the proper functioning of the principle of complementarity entails that States incorporate the crimes set out in articles 6, 7 and 8 of the Rome Statute as punishable offences under their national laws, to establish jurisdiction for these crimes and to ensure effective enforcement of those laws, and urges States to do so;

140. Welcomes the report of the Bureau on complementarity and the recommendations made on future consultations set out therein,30 and requests the Bureau to remain seized of this issue and to continue the dialogue with the Court and other stakeholders on complementarity, including on complementarity-related capacity-building activities by the international community to assist national jurisdictions, on possible situation-specific completion strategies of the Court and the role of partnerships with national authorities and other actors in this regard; and also including to assist on issues such as witness and victims protection and sexual and gender-based crimes;

141. Also welcomes the information by the Secretariat of the Assembly of States Parties on the progress in giving effect to its mandate to facilitate the exchange of information between the Court, States Parties and other stakeholders, including international organizations and civil society, aimed at strengthening domestic jurisdictions; welcomes further the work that has already been undertaken by the Secretariat and the President of the Assembly, and requests the Secretariat to, within existing resources, continue to develop its efforts in facilitating the exchange of information between the Court, States Parties and other stakeholders, including international organizations and civil society, aimed at strengthening domestic jurisdictions, and to invite States to submit information on their capacity needs for the consideration of States and other actors in a position to provide assistance, and to report on the practical steps taken in this regard to the twenty-second session of the Assembly;

142. Encourages States, international and regional organizations and civil society to submit to the Secretariat information on their complementarity-related activities and further welcomes the efforts made by the international community and national authorities, including national capacity-building activities to investigate and prosecute sexual and gender-based crimes that may amount to Rome Statute crimes, in particular the continued efforts on the strategic actions to ensure access to justice and to enhance empowerment of victims at national level, recalling the recommendations presented by the International Development Law Organization31 during the fourteenth session of the Assembly;

143. Encourages the Court to continue its efforts in the field of complementarity, including through exchange of information between the Court and other relevant actors, while recalling the Court’s limited role in strengthening national jurisdictions and also encourages continued inter-State cooperation, including on engaging international, regional and national actors in the justice sector, as well as civil society, in exchange of information and practices on strategic and sustainable efforts to strengthen national capacity to investigate and prosecute Rome Statute crimes and the strengthening of access to justice for victims of such crimes, including through international development assistance;

144. Notes the ongoing review by the Prosecutor of various policies of the Office relevant to the principle of complementarity, particularly in light of recommendations set out in the Report of the Independent Expert Review, and as a matter of priority encourages the Prosecutor to continue engaging with the Assembly and other stakeholders as these policies are reviewed and, if necessary, revised bearing in mind the timelines set out in the Comprehensive Action Plan, while reiterating its full respect for judicial and prosecutorial independence as provided for in the Rome Statute;

29 United Nations General Assembly resolution 70/1.
30 ICC-ASP/21/19.
145. **Notes** the ‘Dakar Seminar on complementarity and cooperation’, held on 23-25 May 2022, which emphasised the importance of collective efforts to ensure the effective implementation of the principle of complementarity, with a particular focus on States from the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) and also welcomes the signing of the Dakar Declaration.32

**R. Independent Oversight Mechanism**

146. **Recalls** its decision in resolution ICC-ASP/19/Res.6 adopting the revised Operational Mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism and requesting the Bureau to remain seized of review of the work and operational mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism, with a view to considering recommendations of the Independent Expert Review in this regard, subject to relevant decisions of the Assembly on the implementation of the Report of the Independent Expert Review,33 and to report thereon to the Assembly at its twenty-first session;

147. **Welcomes** the discussions held during 2022 on the review of the work and operational mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism, which is a subsidiary body of the Assembly of States Parties;


149. **Recalls that** the revised Operational Mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism applies provisionally until, and without prejudice to, any decision of the Assembly to amend or replace the mandate after its consideration of the report and the recommendations of the Independent Expert Review;

150. **Welcomes** the complementary initiatives undertaken by the Bureau, the Assembly oversight bodies and the Court to try to ensure that the different organs of the Court have streamlined and updated where required, and, to the extent possible, consistent ethics charters and codes of conduct;

151. **Reiterates** the critical importance of the Independent Oversight Mechanism in carrying out its work in an independent, transparent and impartial manner free from any undue influence;

152. **Welcomes** the annual report of the Head of the Independent Oversight Mechanism;35

153. **Reaffirms** the importance of the Independent Oversight Mechanism reporting to States Parties on the results of its activities;

154. **Emphasizes** the importance of adherence to the highest professional and ethics standards by all Court staff and elected officials, acknowledges the essential role played and work done by the Independent Oversight Mechanism, and that the revised operational mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism36 enables it to investigate the alleged conduct of former elected officials and staff both while they were in office and when they separated from service as prescribed in its paragraph 10, takes note of the status report provided by the Office of the Prosecutor, and invites the Court to provide at the earliest opportunity in advance of the twenty-second session of the Assembly any relevant update and recommendation on any necessary follow-up action for the Court and/or the Assembly;

155. **Welcomes** the progress made in formally aligning the regulatory framework of the Court with the operational mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism, in particular Administrative Instruction on Investigation of Unsatisfactory Conduct and Administrative Instruction on Unsatisfactory Conduct and Disciplinary Proceedings as well as the

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32 See at: [https://www.icc-cpi.int/sites/default/files/2022-06/20220525-declaration.pdf](https://www.icc-cpi.int/sites/default/files/2022-06/20220525-declaration.pdf)
33 ICC-ASP/19/16.
34 ICC-ASP/19/24.
36 ICC-ASP/19/Res.6, annex II.
Administrative Instruction on Discrimination, Harassment, including Sexual Harassment, and Abuse of Authority, and encourages the Court, with the support of the Independent Oversight Mechanism, as necessary, to continue working to ensure that all relevant documents are updated and aligned with the mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism in order to harmonize the applicable rules.

S. Programme budget

156. Takes note of the important work done by the Committee on Budget and Finance, which is a subsidiary body of the Assembly of State Parties, and reaffirms the independence of the members of the Committee;

157. Recalls that, according to its Rules of Procedure, the Committee shall be responsible for the technical examination of any document submitted to the Assembly that contains financial or budgetary implications and emphasizes the importance of ensuring that the Committee is represented at all stages of the deliberations of the Assembly at which documents that contain financial or budgetary implications are considered;

158. Takes note with concern of the report of the Bureau on the arrears of States Parties;

159. Emphasizes the importance of endowing the Court with the necessary financial resources, and urges all States Parties to the Rome Statute to transfer their assessed contributions in full and by the deadline for contributions or, in the event of pre-existing arrears, immediately, in accordance with article 115 of the Rome Statute, rule 105.1 of the Financial Regulations and Rules, and other relevant decisions taken by the Assembly;

160. Calls upon States, international organizations, individuals, corporations and other entities to contribute voluntarily to the Court and expresses its appreciation to those that have done so;

T. Review Conference

161. Recalls that at the successful first Review Conference of the Rome Statute, held in Kampala, Uganda, from 31 May to 11 June 2010, States Parties adopted amendments to the Rome Statute, in accordance with article 5, paragraph 2, of the Rome Statute to define the crime of aggression and to establish conditions under which the Court could exercise jurisdiction with respect to that crime and adopted amendments to the Rome Statute to expand the jurisdiction of the Court to three additional war crimes when committed in armed conflicts not of an international character;

162. Notes that those amendments are subject to ratification or acceptance and shall enter into force in accordance with article 121, paragraph 5, of the Rome Statute, notes with appreciation the recent ratifications of the amendments and notes that two States Parties have lodged declarations in accordance with article 15bis, paragraph 4, of the Rome Statute;

163. Calls upon all States Parties to consider ratifying or accepting these amendments;

164. Welcomes the activation of the International Criminal Court’s jurisdiction over the crime of aggression as of 17 July 2018, as decided by consensus by the Assembly of States Parties in its resolution ICC-ASP/16/Res.5, marking the first time that a permanent international court has the authority to hold individuals accountable in respect of this crime, thereby completing the achievements of the Rome and Kampala Conferences of 1998 and 2010;

37 ICC-ASP/18/Res.1, annex.
38 ICC-ASP/21/32.
39 Official Records ... Review Conference ... 2010 (RC/11), part II, RC/Res.6.
40 Ibid., RC/Res.5.
42 https://www.icc-cpi.int/resource-library#.
165. Recalls the discussions on the issue of peace and justice at the stock-taking exercise held at the Review Conference, notes the interest to resume the discussions on this issue and invites interested States Parties to do so;

166. Recalls with appreciation pledges of increased assistance to the Court made by thirty-five States Parties, one observer State, and one regional organization, calls upon these States and the regional organization to ensure the swift implementation of these pledges and also calls upon States and regional organizations to submit additional pledges and to report further at the twenty-second session of the Assembly, in written form or through their statement at the general debate on the implementation thereof;

U. Consideration of amendments

167. Welcomes the report of the Working Group on Amendments;\textsuperscript{43}

168. Calls upon all States Parties to ratify or accept the amendment to article 124;

169. Also calls upon all States Parties to ratify or accept the amendments to article 8 adopted at the sixteenth and eighteenth sessions of the Assembly;\textsuperscript{44}

V. Participation in the Assembly of States Parties

170. Calls upon States, international organizations, individuals, corporations and other entities to contribute in a timely manner and voluntarily to the Trust Fund to allow the participation of least developed countries and other developing States in the annual session of the Assembly and expresses its appreciation to those that have done so;

171. Encourages the continuation of efforts undertaken by the President of the Assembly to hold an on-going dialogue with all stakeholders, including regional organizations and calls upon all States Parties to support the President in her undertakings aimed at strengthening the Court, the independence of proceedings and the Rome Statute system as a whole;

172. Recalls the long-term and continuing cooperation between the Assembly, States Parties, and non-governmental organizations of civil society, and reaffirms resolution ICC-ASP/2/Res.8 on recognition of the coordinating and facilitating role of the NGO Coalition for the ICC; and

173. Decides to entrust the Court, the President of the Assembly, the Bureau, the Advisory Committee on Nominations, the Working Group on Amendments, the Study Group on Governance, the Independent Oversight Mechanism, the Secretariat, and the Board of Directors and the Secretariat of the Trust Fund for Victims, as appropriate, with the mandates contained in the annex to the present resolution.

\textsuperscript{43} ICC-ASP/21/22.

\textsuperscript{44} ICC-ASP/16/Res.4 and ICC-ASP/18/Res.5.
Annex I

Mandates of the Assembly of States Parties for the intersessional period

1. With regard to universality of the Rome Statute,
   (a) **endorses** the recommendations of the report of the Bureau on the Plan of action for achieving universality and full implementation of the Rome Statute;\(^1\) and
   (b) **requests** the Bureau to continue to monitor the implementation of the Plan of action for achieving universality and full implementation of the Rome Statute and to report thereon to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

2. With regard to the Agreement on Privileges and Immunities, **requests** the Bureau to continue to support the ratification of the Agreement;

3. With regard to cooperation,
   (a) **urges** the Bureau, through The Hague Working Group, to continue the discussions on the proposals resulting from the seminar of the co-facilitation held in The Hague on 7 November 2018 entitled “Arrests: a key challenge in the fight against impunity”;
   (b) **requests** the Bureau, through its Working Groups, to continue the discussions on voluntary framework agreements or arrangements, and to report thereon to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;
   (c) **invites** the Bureau, through its Working Groups, to discuss the feasibility of establishing a coordinating mechanism of national authorities;
   (d) **invites** the Bureau, through its Working Groups, to continue to strengthen the relationship between the United Nations and its agencies and entities, including for capacity building, the ICC and States Parties, to foster cooperation with the Court;
   (e) **invites** the Court to continue improving its practice in transmitting specific, complete and timely requests for cooperation and assistance, including by considering consultations with the State Party concerned when necessary;
   (f) **encourages** the Bureau, through its Working Groups, to continue its review of the implementation of the 66 recommendations on cooperation adopted by States Parties in 2007,\(^2\) in close cooperation with the Court, where appropriate;
   (g) **requests** the Bureau to maintain a facilitation of the Assembly of States Parties for cooperation to consult with States Parties, the Court, other interested States, relevant organizations and non-governmental organizations in order to further strengthen cooperation with the Court;
   (h) **requests** the Bureau, through the facilitation on cooperation, in accordance with the resolution on the Review of the International Criminal Court\(^3\) and the Review Mechanism’s Comprehensive Action Plan\(^4\), to continue to assess the recommendations related to cooperation and their follow-up including their implementation as appropriate, and to report thereon to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;
   (i) **requests** the Court to continue to submit an updated report on cooperation to the Assembly at its annual session, containing disaggregated data over the responses provided by States Parties, including highlighting the main challenges;
   (j) **mandates** the Bureau, through its Working Groups, to continue discussions on cooperation on financial investigations and the freezing and seizing of assets as set out in the Declaration of Paris, including by continuing the work to further develop the secured digital platform;

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1 ICC-ASP/20/17.
2 ICC-ASP/6/Res.2, annex II.
3 ICC-ASP/19/Res.7.
(k) requests the President of the Assembly to continue to engage actively and constructively with all relevant stakeholders in accordance with the Assembly procedures relating to non-cooperation, both to prevent instances of non-cooperation and to follow up on any matter of non-cooperation referred by the Court to the Assembly;

(l) requests that any information concerning potential or confirmed travel of persons against whom an arrest warrant has been issued be promptly shared with the Court by the focal points on non-cooperation; and

(m) requests the Bureau to continue to actively engage throughout the intersessional period with all relevant stakeholders to continue to ensure effective implementation of the Assembly procedures relating to non-cooperation and to submit a report on its activities to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

4. With regard to the relationship with the United Nations,

(a) invites the Court to continue its institutional dialogue with the United Nations, based on the Relationship Agreement between the United Nations and the International Criminal Court; and

(b) requests the Registry to update its report on the approximate costs allocated so far within the Court in relation to referrals by the Security Council\(^5\) ahead of the twenty-second session of the Assembly;

5. With regard to relationships with other international organizations and bodies, invites the Court to include in its annual report to the United Nations General Assembly a section on the status and implementation of specific agreements on cooperation with other international organizations;

6. With regard to elections,

(a) decides to continue to review the procedure for the nomination and election of judges as set forth in resolution ICC-ASP/3/Res.6, as amended, with a view to making any improvements as may be necessary, taking into account the work conducted so far as reflected in the facilitator’s report;\(^6\) and

(b) requests the Bureau to update the Assembly, at its twenty-second session, on the progress of the review of the procedure for the nomination and election of judges;

7. With regard to the Secretariat, invites the President to report to the twenty-second session of the Assembly on the implementation of the recommendations contained in the report of the Bureau on the assessment of the Secretariat;\(^7\)

8. With regard to legal aid,

(a) Requests the Court to continue its efforts in the reform of the legal aid system and to present, based on further consultations with States Parties and all relevant stakeholders, another proposal for reform of the legal aid policy for external defence and victims’ teams, in accordance with the mandate, taking account of the cost constraints and ensuring that the reform of the Court’s legal aid system can be funded within existing resources. Full attention should be paid to the status of the members of the defence and victims’ teams, in order to address their conditions of service, taking into account the current economic realities;

(b) Requests the Court to ensure appropriate representation of counsel in the Advisory Committee on Legal Texts;

(c) Requests the Court to finalize its review of the current framework and operation of the functions regarding financial investigations on suspects and accused persons across all organs in order to make proposals to the Assembly through its relevant facilitations (legal aid and cooperation) with a view to strengthen the Registry capacity to trace, freeze and seize assets of the accused in the context of legal aid requests, while paying due respect to the rights of the accused and to ensure increased efficiency of that global framework; and

\(^5\) ICC-ASP/19/17.
\(^7\) ICC-ASP/17/39.
(d) *Requests* the Bureau to continue its work on legal aid and to report to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

9. **With regard to the Study Group on Governance,**
   (a) *invites* the Court to further engage in a structured dialogue with States Parties with a view to strengthening the institutional framework of the Rome Statute system and enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of the Court while fully preserving its judicial independence, and to provide State Parties with its assessment and update on implementation of the respective IER recommendations;
   (b) *invites* the Court to provide State Parties with its assessment and update on implementation of the respective IER recommendations;
   (c) *requests* the Study Group to facilitate a platform for the discussion of the Independent Experts’ recommendations assigned to the Court;
   (d) *invites* the Study Group to closely cooperate with the Court, subsidiary bodies and other facilitations established by the Assembly on the assessment and implementation of the Independent Experts’ recommendations that address governance issues;
   (e) *requests* the Study Group to continue considering the Independent Experts’ recommendations assigned to it, which relate in particular to the continuity of proceedings, the election of the Registrar, human resources and key performance indicators, and to report thereon to the twenty-second session of the Assembly;

10. **With regard to proceedings of the Court,**
   (a) *invites* the Court to intensify its efforts to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of proceedings including by adopting further changes of practice;
   (b) *encourages* the Bureau, including through the two working groups and the Study Group on Governance, to continue to support the Court’s efforts to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of proceedings; and
   (c) *encourages* the Court to take note of the best practices of relevant international and national organizations, tribunals, and mechanisms related to sexual and gender-based crimes, including practices related to investigation, prosecution and training, in solving challenges related to crimes under the Rome Statute, including sexual and gender-based crimes, while reiterating its respect for the independence of the Court;

11. **With regard to the working methods review,**
   (a) *decides* that its annual session shall have a duration of seven working days with a possible extension of up to two additional days in election years, as required, and to focus, in such cases, the first two days on the elections of judges;
   (b) *also decides* that its annual sessions shall include one or two plenary segments on specific agenda items;
   (c) *invites* the facilitators and focal points, when appropriate, to present their work to the Assembly;
   (d) *also invites* the facilitators and focal points to commit themselves for a period of up to three years considering the particularities and the complexity of each mandate and to submit, in addition to their regular reports, a final written report to the Assembly at the end of their mandate, including lessons learnt;
   (e) *invites* the Bureau to implement the recommendations of the 2013 working methods report;\(^8\)
   (f) *requests* the Bureau to establish facilitations only if the mandate requires open-ended consultations, and the matter cannot be addressed by a less resource-intensive mechanism, such as a rapporteur or a focal point;\(^9\)

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\(^8\) ICC-ASP/12/59.

\(^9\) As outlined, e.g., in paras. 21(a) and 23(b) of the report on the Evaluation and rationalization of the working methods of the subsidiary bodies of the Bureau (ICC-ASP/12/59).
(g) invites the Bureau to use existing technologies such as video-conferencing in order to ensure participation of members of the Bureau not represented at the venue of the Bureau meeting;

(h) requests the Bureau to continue conducting evaluations of the established mandates and, where appropriate, consider the inclusion of end-dates and that it prepare recommendations on the reduction of the number and length of reports;

(i) requests the Bureau, in consultation with all States Parties, the Court and civil society, both in New York and The Hague, to submit a report, by the next session of the Assembly, assessing the benefits and challenges with regard to current schedule, including the proposal to hold the future Assembly meetings in the first six months of each calendar year, length, including the proposal to shorten the Assembly, location of the meetings of the Assembly and of the Bureau, and to make recommendations to improve efficiency; and

(j) requests all facilitators and focal points, in consultation with States Parties, to undertake an exercise to streamline the present resolution for the twenty-second session;

12. With regard to victims and affected communities, reparations and the Trust Fund for Victims,

(a) requests the Court to continue to establish principles relating to reparations in accordance with article 75, paragraph 1, of the Rome Statute as a priority in the context of its judicial proceedings;

(b) encourages the Board of Directors and the Secretariat of the Trust Fund for Victims to continue to strengthen its on-going dialogue with the organs of the Court, States Parties and the wider international community, including donors as well as non-governmental organizations, who all contribute to the valuable work of the Trust Fund for Victims, so as to ensure increased strategic and operational visibility and to maximize its impact and ensure the continuity and sustainability of the Fund’s interventions;

(c) requests the Court and the Trust Fund for Victims to continue developing a strong collaborative partnership, mindful of each other’s roles and responsibilities, to implement Court-ordered reparations;

(d) decides to continue to monitor the implementation of the rights of victims under the Rome Statute, with a view to ensuring that the exercise of these rights is fully realized and that the continued positive impact of the Rome Statute system on victims and affected communities is sustainable;

(e) requests the Court to initiate consultations for the development of an updated Revised Strategy in Relation to Victims, taking into account the ongoing consideration of the relevant IER recommendations, and to report to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

(f) mandates the Bureau to continue considering victims-related issues as necessary or as they arise, having recourse to any appropriate process or mechanism; and

(g) requests the Court to make available to the Assembly appropriate statistics in relation to victims admitted to participate in proceedings before the Court when these are publicly submitted to the respective Chambers in the context of the judicial proceedings; such statistics may include, as appropriate, information on gender, criminal offense and situation, among other pertinent criteria as determined by the relevant Chamber;

13. With regard to recruitment of staff,

(a) endorses the recommendations of the Committee on Budget and Finance in relation to geographical representation and gender balance contained in the report of its thirty-eighth resumed session and urges the Court to take the necessary steps to implement it;

(b) requests the Court to submit to the Assembly a comprehensive report on human resources by the end of May 2023, to be considered by the Assembly at its twenty-second session, which would include an update on the implementation of the recommendations on the topic made by the Committee in 2022;

(c) requests the Court to include in that report an outline of its efforts to improve the recruitment process in seeking equitable geographical representation with a particular
focus on candidates from non-represented and under-represented States Parties and gender balance, including annual recruitment data;

(d) **requests** the Bureau to continue engaging with the Court to identify ways to improve equitable geographical representation and gender balance in professional posts, as well as to remain seized of the issue of geographical representation and gender balance, and to report thereon to the twenty-second session of the Assembly; and

(e) **urges** the Court to continue to seize the opportunities of the outstanding and future recruitment processes to implement measures that would contribute to the efforts of meeting the desirable ranges of geographical representation and gender balance;

14. With regard to **complementarity**,  
(a) **requests** the Bureau to remain seized of this issue and to continue the dialogue with the Court and other stakeholders on complementarity, including on complementarity-related capacity-building activities by the international community to assist national jurisdictions, on possible situation-specific completion strategies of the Court and the role of partnerships with national authorities and other actors in this regard; and also including to assist on issues such as witness and victims protection and sexual and gender-based crimes;

(b) **encourages** the Bureau to engage with interested States Parties and other relevant actors to identify ways to support Court efforts in this regard with respect to sexual and gender-based crimes that amount to Rome Statute crimes, with a view to reporting thereon to the twenty-second session of the Assembly; and

(c) **requests** the Secretariat to, within existing resources, continue to develop its efforts in facilitating the exchange of information between the Court, States Parties and other stakeholders, including international organizations and civil society, aimed at strengthening domestic jurisdictions, and to invite States to submit information on their capacity needs for the consideration of States and other actors in a position to provide assistance, and to report on the practical steps taken in this regard to the twenty-second session of the Assembly;

15. With regard to the **Independent Oversight Mechanism**,  
(a) **requests** the Bureau to remain seized of the review of the work and the operational mandate of the Independent Oversight Mechanism and to follow up on the recommendations contained in the report of the facilitation report, with a view to considering also recommendations of the Independent Expert Review in this regard, and to report thereon to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

16. With regard to the **programme budget**,  
(a) **requests** the Secretariat, together with the Committee on Budget and Finance, to continue to make the necessary arrangements to ensure that the Committee is represented at all stages of the deliberations of the Assembly at which documents that contain financial or budgetary implications are considered;

(b) **decides** that the Bureau, through the President of the Assembly, the Coordinator of the working group and the facilitator, should continue to monitor the status of payments received throughout the financial year of the Court and consider additional measures to promote payments by all States Parties, as appropriate, continue to engage in dialogue with States Parties that have outstanding contributions or are in arrears, and, via the annual facilitation on the topic of arrears, report thereon to the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

(c) **requests** the Secretariat to inform States Parties periodically of States that have recovered their voting rights following payment of their arrears;

17. With regard to the **Review Conference**, **requests** the Secretariat to make publicly available on the Court’s website information provided by States and regional organizations on the pledges of increased assistance to the Court made in Kampala;

18. With regard to **consideration of amendments**,  
(a) **invites** the Working Group to continue its consideration of all amendment proposals, in accordance with the Terms of Reference of the Working Group; and
(b) requests the Working Group to submit a report for the consideration of the Assembly at its twenty-second session;

19. With regard to participation in the Assembly of States Parties,

(a) decides that the Committee on Budget and Finance shall hold its fortieth session virtually on 23 January 2023 to elect the Chair and Vice-Chair and to discuss other matters, its forty-first session would take place from 8 to 12 May 2023 and its forty-second session from 4 to 15 September 2023, both in The Hague; and

(b) also decides that the Assembly shall hold its twenty-second session in New York from 4 to 14 December 2023, and its twenty-third session in The Hague.
Annex II

Amendments to resolution ICC-ASP/3/Res.6 regarding the procedure for the nomination and election of judges

A. Amend paragraph 6(f)

Indicating whether the nomination is made under article 36, paragraph 4(a)(i) or paragraph (4)(a)(ii), and specifying in the necessary detail the elements of the procedure leading to the nomination.

B. Insert the following as a new paragraph 6(g)

Containing an acknowledgement of information provided under sub-paragraph (a) by a senior member of the national-level judiciary or the authority of the Nominating State overseeing the nomination process.

C. Amend paragraph 12bis

All nominated candidates shall be available for interviews preferably in-person, or by videoconference or similar means if appropriate, before the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges. Nominating States shall, to the extent possible, ensure that candidates make themselves available for interviews before the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges.

D. Amend paragraph 12ter

Once the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges has made its assessments of candidates, and as early as possible prior to elections, the Bureau will facilitate public roundtable discussions to be held with all candidates. The roundtable discussions shall be open to States Parties and other relevant stakeholders, and conducted in both working languages of the Court. Candidates shall participate in either of the working languages of the Court and may participate by videoconference. The roundtable discussions shall be recorded on video to be made available on the website of the Assembly of States Parties. The remaining modalities for the roundtable discussions will be determined by the New York Working Group, which will have particular regard to aspects of the assessments of the candidates highlighted in the report of the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges and include on the agenda topics aimed at supplementing the report in relation to these aspects.

E. Insert the following as a new paragraph 12quater

A candidate who fails to participate in an interview before the Advisory Committee on Nomination of Judges or in public roundtable discussions shall be required to provide an explanation of the exceptional circumstance that prevented their participation within one week of non-participation. Failure to provide such explanation shall be considered a withdrawal of the nomination of that candidate, unless the Nominating State communicates otherwise within additional one week, provided that such communication also includes the required explanation of non-participation of the candidate.

F. Insert the following as a new paragraph 16bis

If there is no more than one candidate for one single position, the Assembly shall proceed to a last ballot. In accordance with rule 66 of the Rules of Procedure of the Assembly of States Parties, the ballot paper must permit the States Parties present and voting to cast an affirmative or negative vote at such last ballot. If the candidate does not obtain a two-thirds majority of States Parties present and voting, the election shall be postponed until a next
session of the Assembly of States Parties. In such case, the procedure for the nomination of candidates shall restart. The provisions of this resolution, including any remaining minimum voting requirements which have not been fulfilled, shall continue to apply.
Annex III

Amendment(s) to the resolution ICC-ASP/18/Res.4

A. Amend paragraph 7

Requests the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges, in consultation with States and other relevant stakeholders, to prepare and present at the earliest possible date, but no later than the twentieth session of the Assembly of States Parties, a compendium of submissions from States Parties.

B. Insert new paragraph 7bis

Further requests the Advisory Committee on Nomination of Judges, in consultation with States Parties and other relevant stakeholders, to prepare, in light of the compendium presented under paragraph 7 as well as additional submissions of States Parties under paragraph 6, guidelines for the national-level nomination procedures and bring them to the attention of States Parties at the earliest possible date, but no later than twenty-third session of the Assembly.

C. Amend paragraph 10

Encourages States Parties to continue according utmost respect to the evaluation of candidates by the Advisory Committee on Nomination of Judges, and to refrain from casting their votes in an inconsistent way with this evaluation to the extent possible as well as from the trading of votes.
Annex IV

Amendment to the Terms of Reference of the Advisory Committee on Nominations of Judges

A. Amend paragraph 5bis

To that effect, the Committee shall:

(a) develop a common questionnaire for all nominees that asks them to explain: (i) their experience in managing complex criminal proceedings; (ii) their experience in public international law; (iii) specific experience in gender and children matters; (iv) track record of impartiality and integrity; and (v) fluency in one of the working languages of the Court; and provide all nominees the option to make their answers to the questionnaire public;

(b) ask nominees to demonstrate their legal knowledge by presenting relevant evidence;

(c) check candidates’ references and any other information publicly available;

(d) create a standard declaration for all candidates to sign that clarifies whether they are aware of any allegations of misconduct, including sexual harassment, made against them;

(e) assess practical skills such as the ability to work collegially; knowledge of different legal systems; and exposure to and understanding of regional and sub-regional political, social, and cultural environments;

(f) at the candidate interview, endeavour to assess, without prejudice to the qualifications specified in Article 36 paragraph 3 (b)(i) and (ii) of the Rome Statute, the ability of the candidates to manage and conduct complex international criminal trials fairly and expeditiously and their suitability as a Presiding judge;

(g) document the national-level nomination processes in the nominating State Parties; and

(h) report on the above aspects.
Annex V

Amendments concerning the Trust Fund for Victims

Regulation 17 of the Regulations of the Trust Fund for Victims is updated as follows:

17. The Secretariat, established in accordance with Resolution of the Assembly of States Parties ICC-ASP/3/Res.7 shall provide such assistance as necessary for the proper functioning of the Board of Directors in carrying out its tasks. The Secretariat shall be headed by an Executive Director selected by the Board of Directors and appointed by the Registrar.

17bis The Executive Director’s term of office shall not exceed seven years, with an initial appointment period of one year and two subsequent extensions of three years each, provided that there is a continuing need for the post and that his or her performance meets a satisfactory level. The Board of Directors shall inform the Registrar on the outcome of their assessment regarding any extension of the appointment at least six months before its expiration.

17ter The performance of the Executive Director is subject to an annual evaluation by the Board of Directors, which will also inform the extension of the appointment of the Executive Director referred to in regulation 17bis.

17quater Unless otherwise inconsistent with the present mandate, the appointment and conditions of employment of the Executive Director shall be in accordance with the Staff Regulations and Rules and relevant administrative issuances of the Court.

17quinquies In their work, the Executive Director shall be guided by the terms of the Delegation of Authority issued by the Board of Directors, which shall be re-evaluated by the Board of Directors at least every four years.